

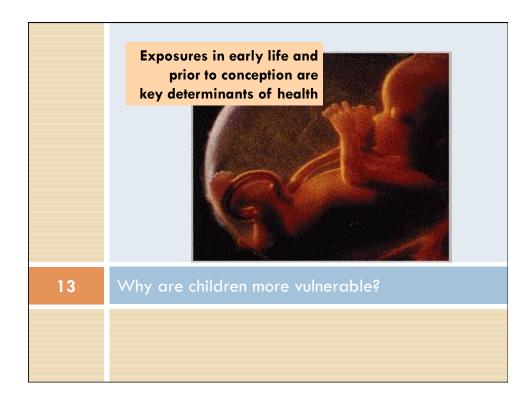
Benefits of nature **Environment and Behavior** Nature Routines of Children as Home Browse Submit Paper About Leverage Point for Sustainable Social-Ecological Urbanism The Surprising Connection to Green Play Settings Andrea Faber Taylor Frances E. Kuo William C. Sullivan First Published January 1, 2001 biosphere city Kids active in nature at preschool better at (134 preschools over 4 yrs): Distinguish living from lifeless entities □ Empathetic for non-human life forms Concerned for environmental degradation Matteo Giusti Perceive the harmful effects of environmental pollution Recognize the role of ecological resources for the production of everyday objects Giusti, M., Barthel, S., & Marcus, L. (2014). Nature Routines and Affinity with the Biosphere: A Case Study of Preschool Children in Stockholm Children Youth and Environments, 24(3), 16-42.

Children's environmental health (as people see it)

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- Quality of physical environment (especially lack of pollution)
- 2. Access to natural environment
- 3. Mental well-being related to independent exploration in nature
- 4. Skills for interacting with nature in a healthy manner
- 5. The way in which children see environment and health
- 6. Understanding what healthy and sustainable community means
- Healthy built environment
- 8. Healthy future

Government's focus on toxic compounds reflects the "technical part of kids being exposed to bad things in the environment" but it excludes the "healing power of the environment or environment as a playground". (Participant)



Chemical Experiment?

"We are conducting a vast toxicological experiment in which our children and our children's children are the experimental subjects."

Dr. Herbert Needleman, Pediatrician and Psychiatrist, University of Pittsburgh



www.healthy environment for kids. ca

Why Are Children More at Risk?



There are unique differences that make children more vulnerable than adults to environmental contaminants:

- Developmental differences
- Behavioural differences
- Greater exposure
- Greater uptake of contaminants
- Longer "shelf-life"

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Some children are more vulnerable than others

- □ Genetic differences
- □ Socioeconomic differences
- Cultural differences

Genetics loads the gun, but environment pulls the trigger.

 Judith Stern, University of California, Davis



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What is Risk?

Risk is composed of two parts:

Risk = Toxicity x Exposure



Critical aspects:

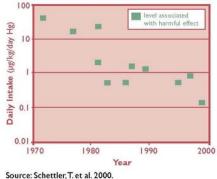
- □ Strength of the chemical compound
- Mode of action
- □ Timing (Windows of vulnerability)
- Dose

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What is Toxicity?

"The dose makes the poison" Parecelsus 1493-1541





INCOMPLETE! The more we look, the lower the dose at which we find an effect at (eg. lead, mercury).

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Endocrine disrupting chemicals (EDCs)

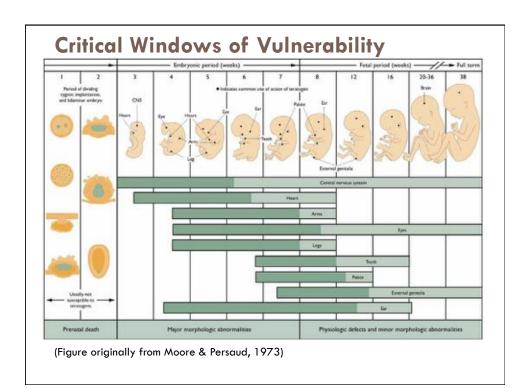
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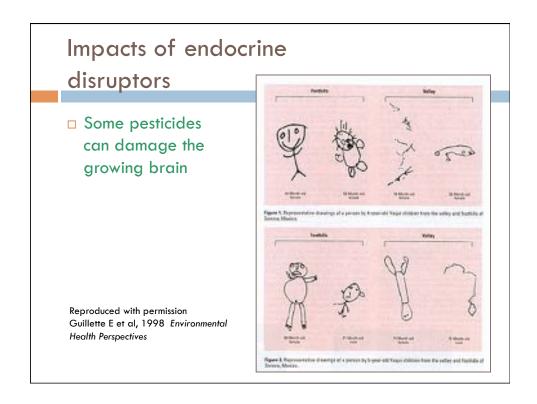
- Interfere with hormone regulated processes that:
 - Regulate, i.e. growth, brain development, reproduction
 - Coordinate production, use & storage of energy
 - Maintain homeostasis nutrition, metabolism, excretion, & salt/water balance
 - React to stimuli from outside the body
 - Send chemical messages to direct cell functions

Dirty dozen EDCs:

- . Dioxin
- Bisphenol A
- 3. Atrazine
- . Phtahalates
- 5. Perclorate
- . Fire retardants
- . Lead
- 8. Arsenic
- Mercury
- Perfluorinated compunds (PFCs)
- Organophosphate pesticides
- 12. Glycol ethers

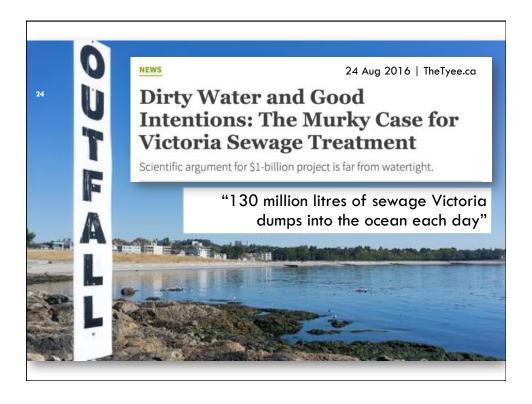
http://www.ewg.org/research/dirty-dozenlist-endocrine-disruptors







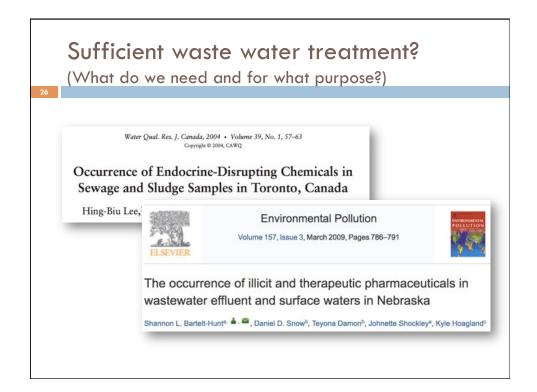


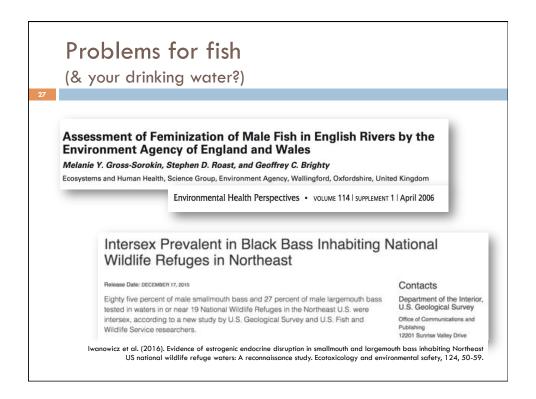


Our limited understanding of what we are doing

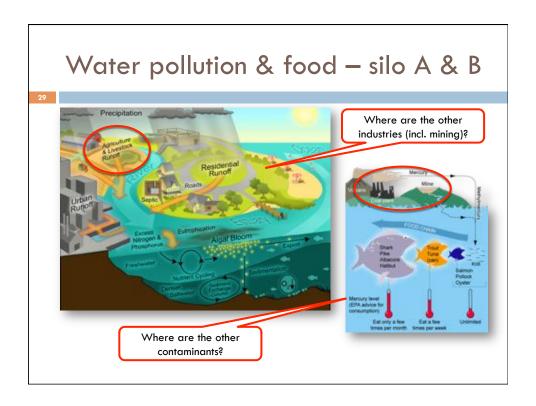
"According to the EPA, **362 contaminants** have been identified in the Great Lakes system, only about <u>a third</u> (1/3) of which have been <u>evaluated for their effects on</u> wildlife and human health."

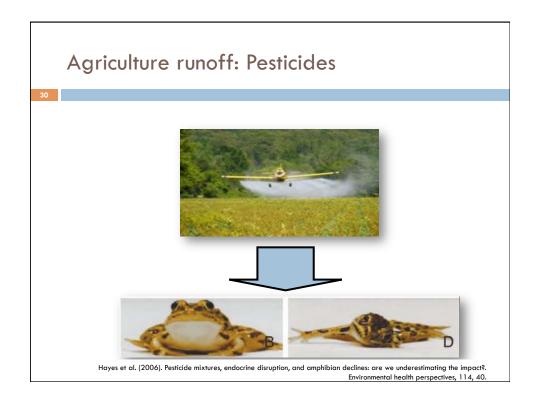
Scott Fields (2005): Great Lakes: Resource at Risk Environmental Health Perspectives 113(3): A164-A173











Agriculture runoff: Pesticides

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Atrazine and other s-triazine herbicides in lakes and in rain in Switzerland

Hans Rudolf Buser

Environ. Sci. Technol., **1990**, *24* (7), pp 1049–1058 **DOI:** 10.1021/es00077a016 Publication Date: July 1990

"Atrazine in public water supplies and risk of ovarian cancer among postmenopausal women in the lowa Women's Health Study."

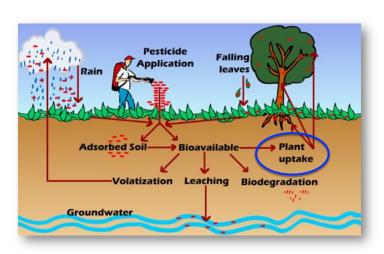
Inoue-Choi et al 2016 in Occupational and Environmental Medicine

"Agricultural compounds in water and birth defects."

Brender & Weyer 2016 in Current environmental health reports, 3(2), 144-152.

Water pollution, food & health

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Prerequisites for health

(Ottawa Charter for Health Promotion 1986)

- □ The fundamental conditions and resources for health are:
 - √ peace,
 - ✓ shelter,
 - √ education,
 - √ food,
 - √ income,
 - √ a stable ecosystem*,
 - ✓ sustainable resources,
 - ✓ social justice and equity.



 Improvement in health requires a secure foundation in these basic prerequisites.

*=healthy ecosystem



Complexity, 'wicked problems' & local solutions

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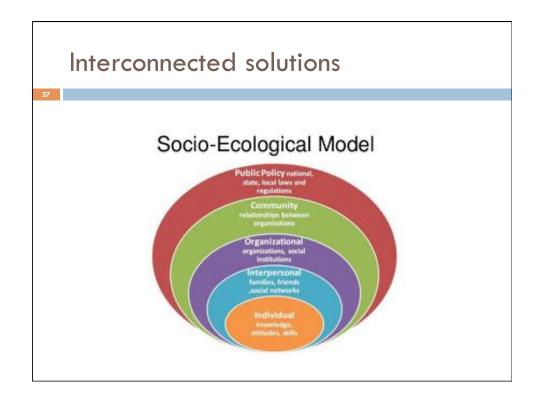


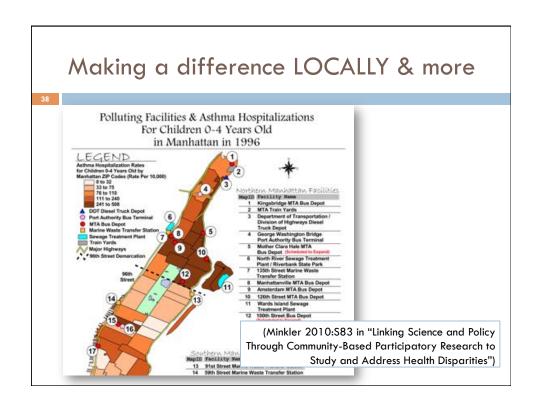
The gaps in our knowledge - silos

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- Pollution often context-specific (hotspots) - yet knowledge remains 'siloed', especially in local & regional contexts
- Solutions 'hidden' within organizations
- No institutionalized mechanisms in place at the local level to facilitate cross-sectoral knowledge sharing







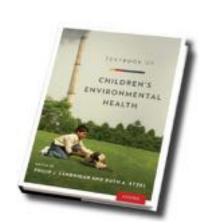




We need one another's knowledge & skills

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- Know the problems but do not let them paralyze you
- We already know what the direction is – let's work together
- Could children's environmental health help the bridging?



Healthy sustainable cities, community capacity building & local solutions

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"Many communities and individuals today face a complex range of social, environmental and economic challenges. From climate change and resource depletion to growing financial disparities and declining public health, we know what these challenges are, but often they can seem too big to solve.

However, there is a common underlying factor in these challenges that we can begin to address, right in our own homes, buildings, streets and neighbourhoods: We can build greater social connectedness, connection to place, and sense of community and belonging that many of us yearn for so deeply." (p.2)

http://bchealthycommunities.ca/

Healthy sustainable cities, community capacity building & local solutions

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How do you see children's environmental health relate to

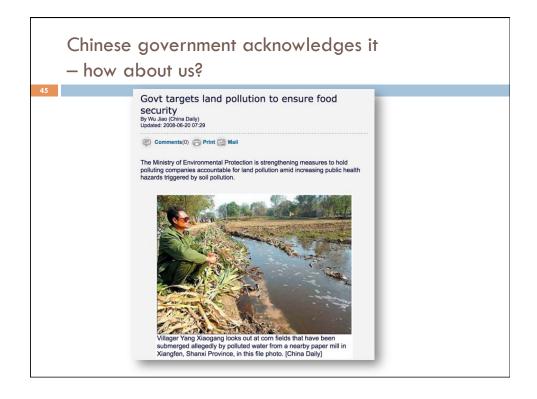
- your life?
- your work?
- One Planet Region Victoria
 Conversations?

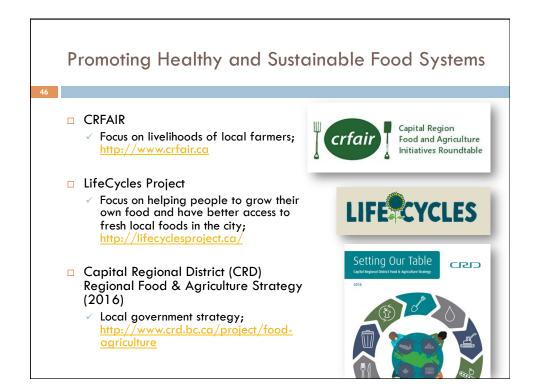
http://bchealthycommunities.ca/

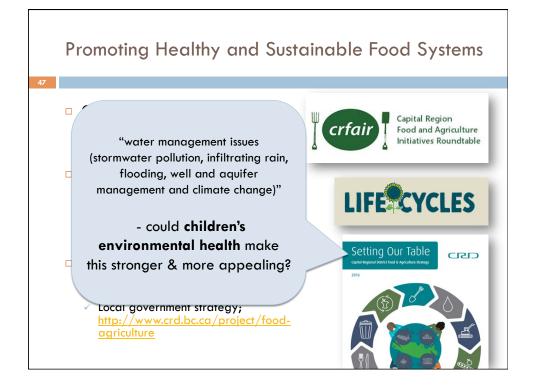


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Thank you







Contact information

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