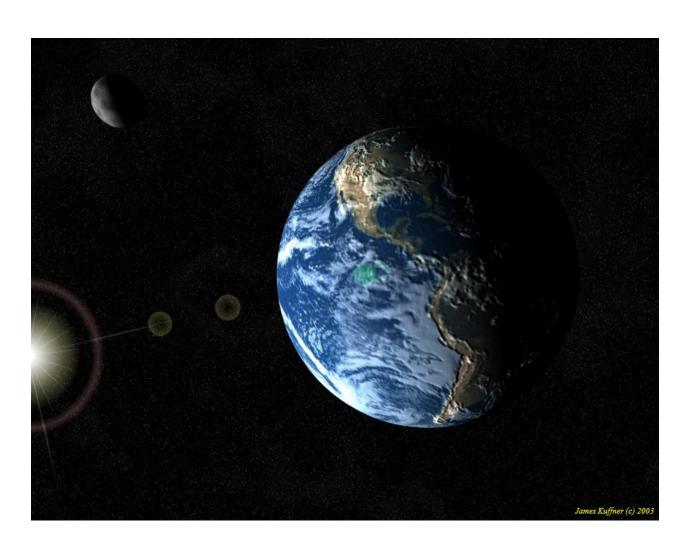
REWILDING

BALANCING THE NATURAL CARBON CYCLE

RICHARD IREDALE, ARCHITECT

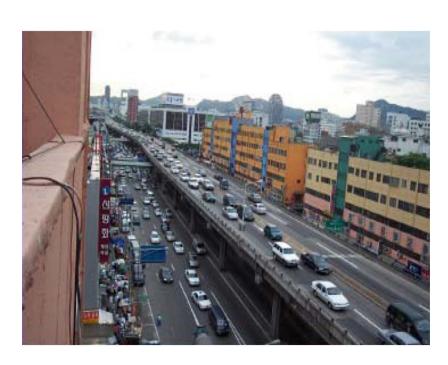


Rewilding: Encouraging Plant Systems and Topsoil Formation



Greening cities, forests and farms

• Cheongecheon River restoration, Seoul south Korea





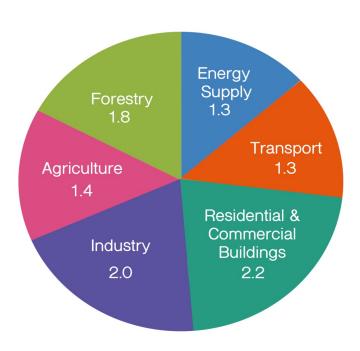




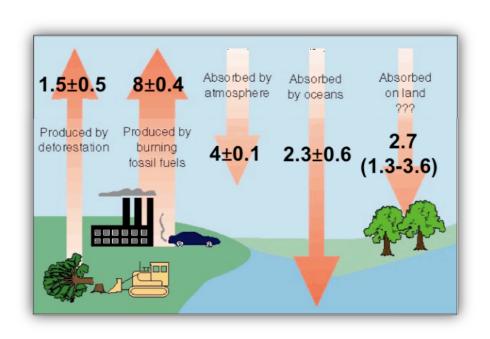


Global Warming

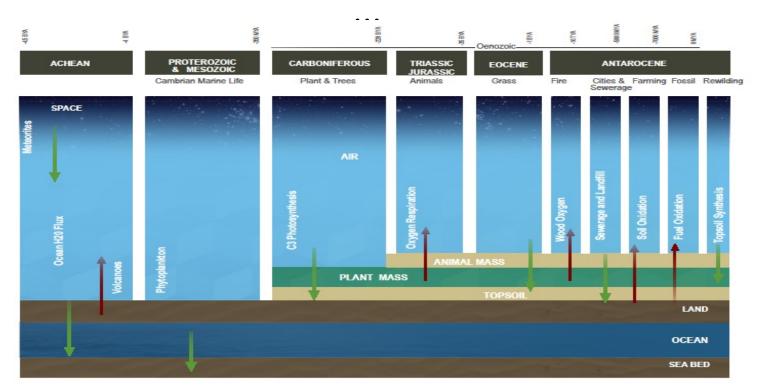
Today: 10 Tons of GHG Emmissions



... 5 billion tons too much carbon



Evolution of the Carbon Cycle



THE EVOLUTION OF EARTH'S PRINCIPAL CARBON FLUXES

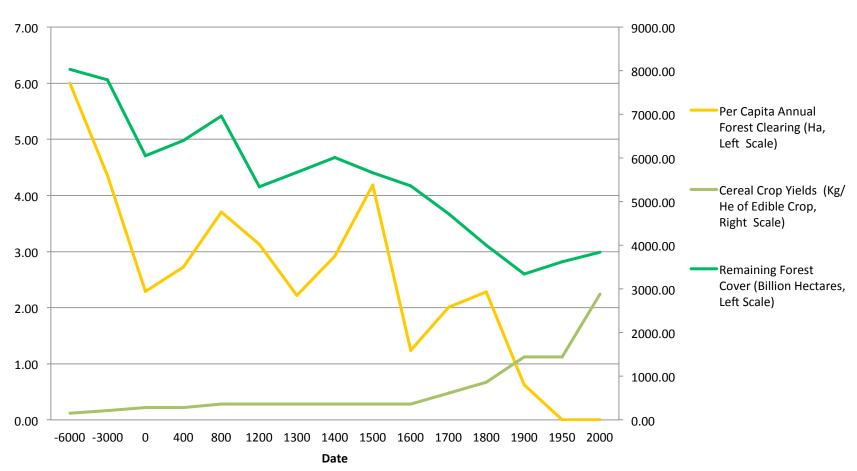
Per-Capita "forest footprint" declined



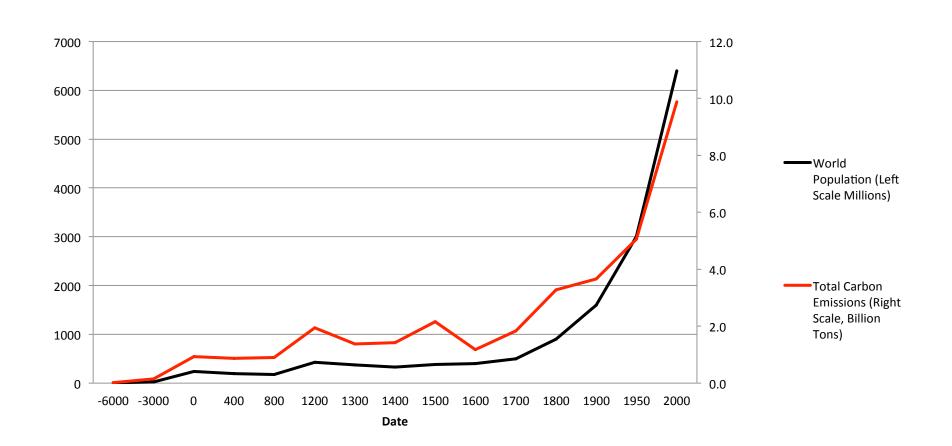
The bulk of carbon emissions were caused by forest clearing



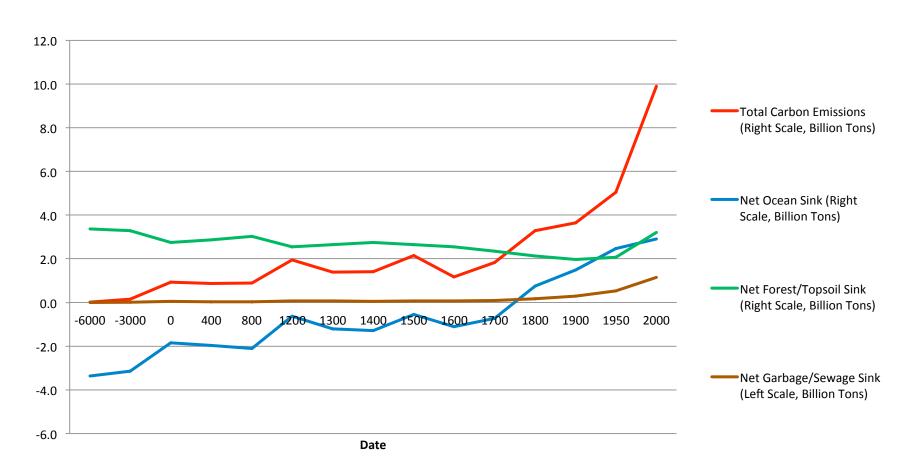
Forest clearing declined because of rising crop yields... average cereal harvests went up from 2000 to 10,000 kg/He



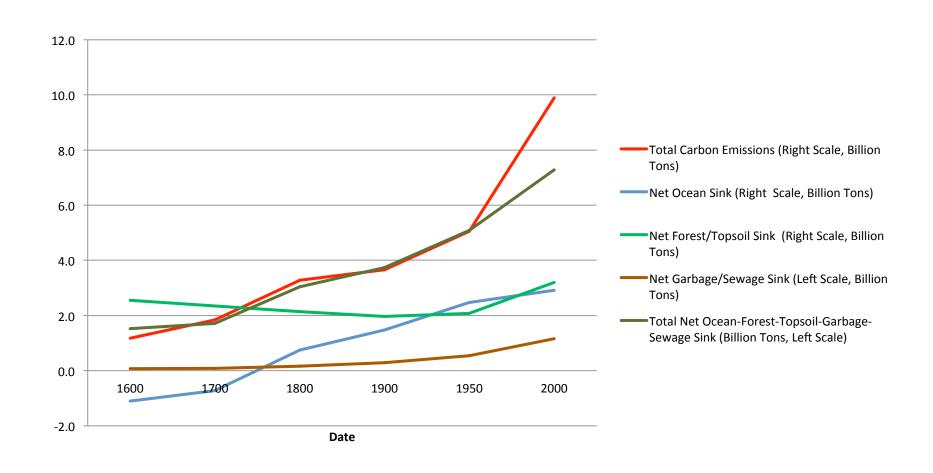
But population (and total emissions rose)



Oceans, Forests, and Landfills absorbed carbon emissions

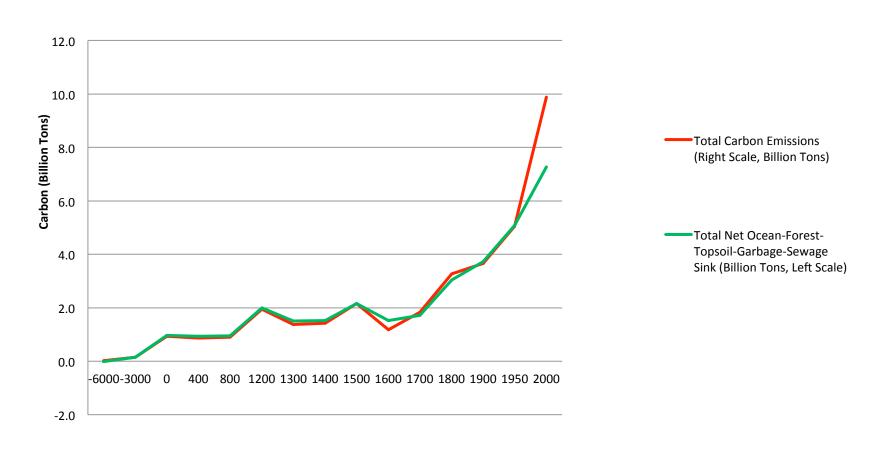


The ocean sink tracked carbon emissions ... up until 1950



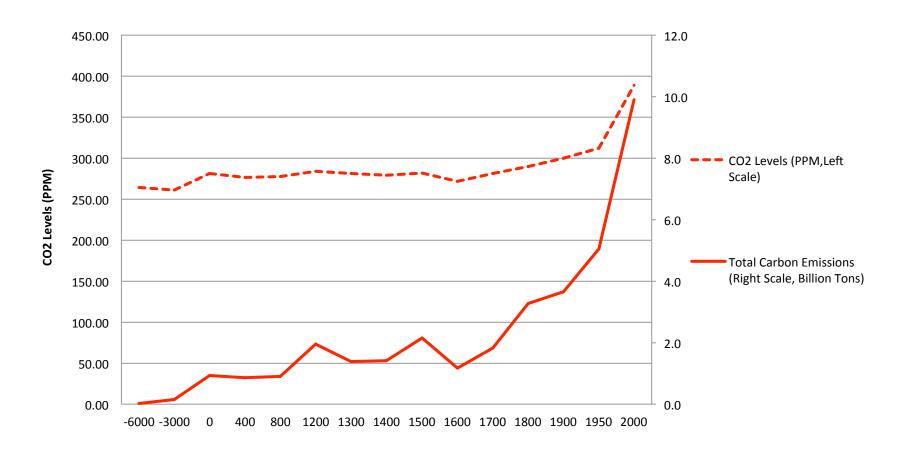
Balanced CO2:

Until about 1950 emissions were balanced by sinks ...



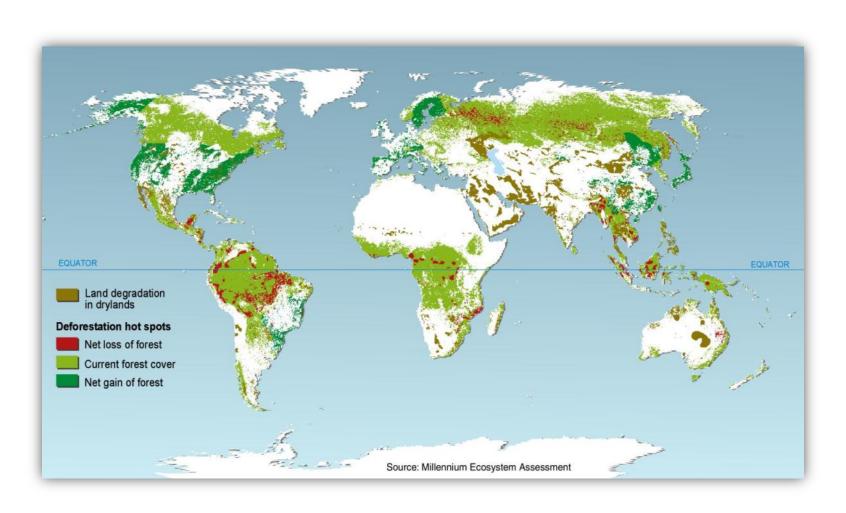
Balanced CO2:

Therefore, until 1950, "CO2 sensitivy" was low...



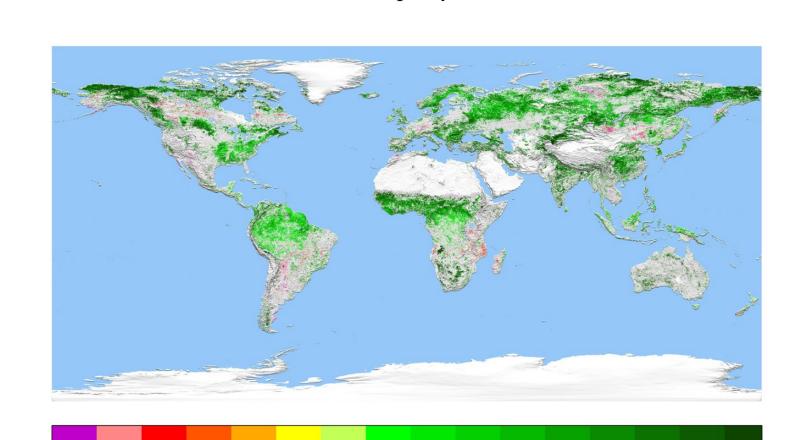
Since 1950 forests have been expanding into abandoned grasslands

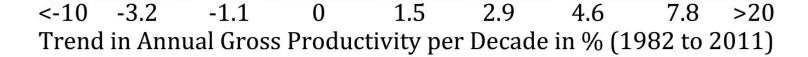
4.2 billion hectares of forest are expanding into grasslands



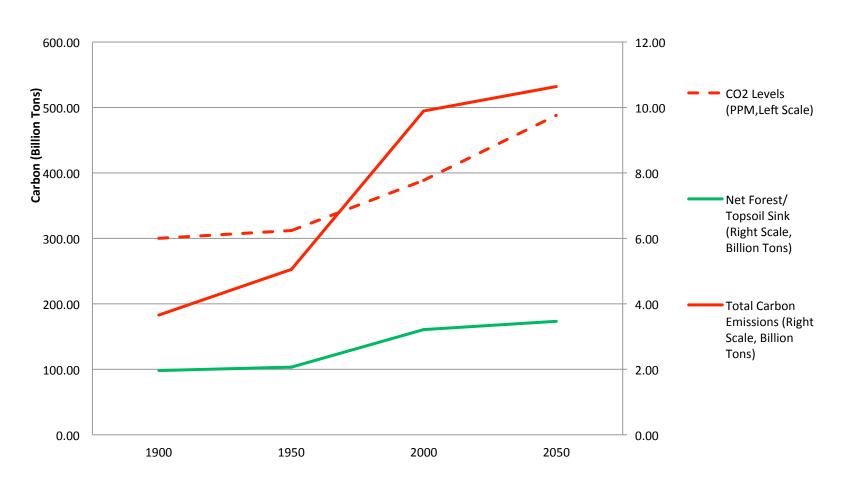
And forests are growing faster:

Annual forest CO2 uptake rose from about 1 billion tons-per-year in 1950 to 2.4 billion tons-per-year in 2015



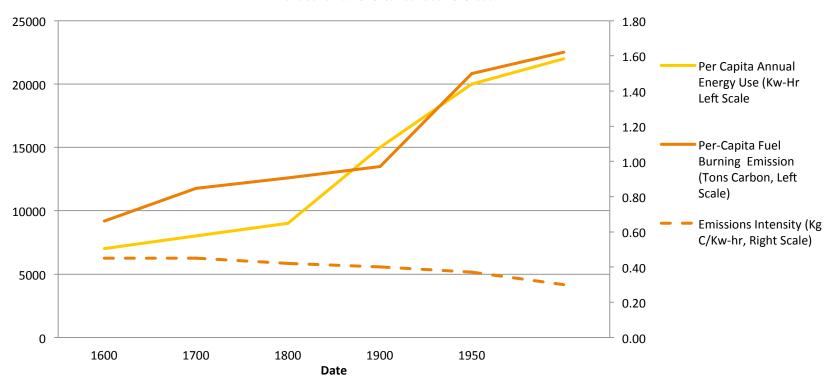


Higher CO2 fertilizes higher growth rates and gives trees an advantage of grasslands



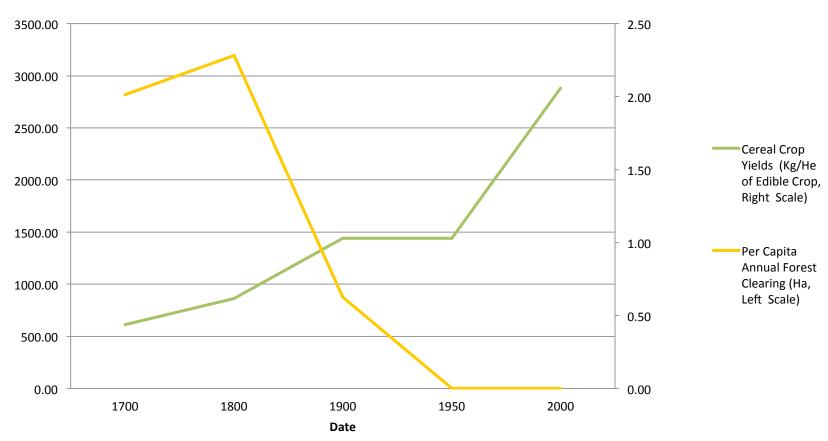
Modern Energy efficiency helps

Since 1750 per-capita energy consumption rose 4 times (from 6000 to 22000 kw-hr/year), but fuel burning carbon emissions only doubled, because oil and gas burn "cleaner" than wood and coal



And farms need less land

Since 1750 crop yields rose (thanks to Turnips, Guano, Synthetic Nitrogen, Seed Drills, Hybrid Crops and GMO Crops), and tractors replaced horses and oxen

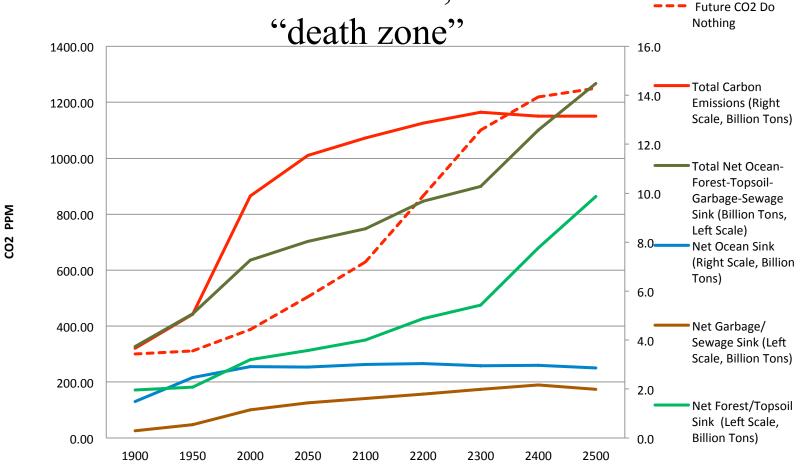


But with "business as usual"





With 10 Billion people, CO2 peaks at around 1250 PPM in 2400,... well into the

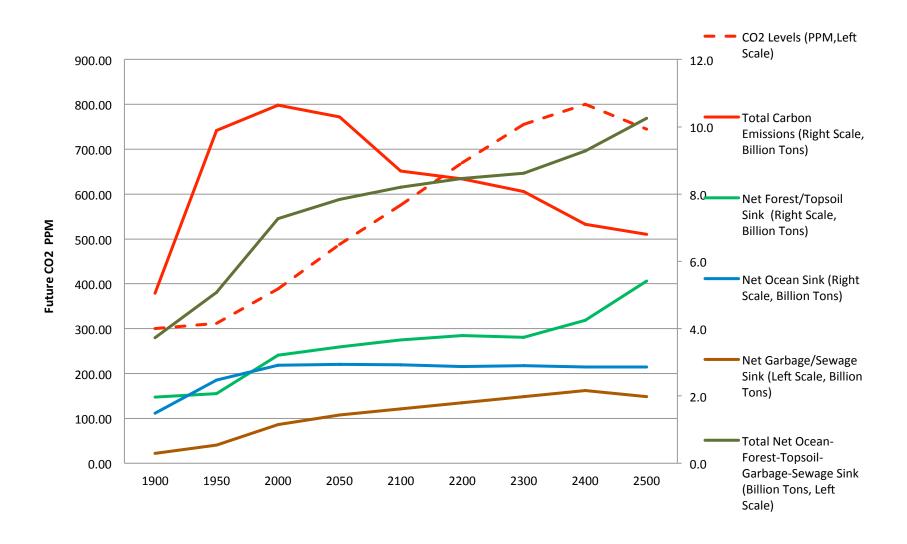


So ...50% of total energy use can be switched to "non carbon" by converting cars, buildings, computers, servers and appliances to solar-wind electricity





With 10 Billion people, CO2 tops out at 800 PPM in 2400 (a ...4-6 degree temperature rise)

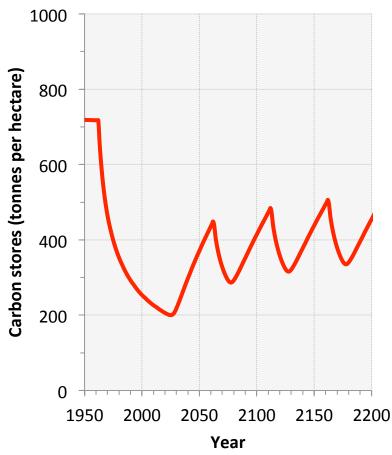


To survive, we have to consider "rewilding" by expanding earth's natural ecosystems



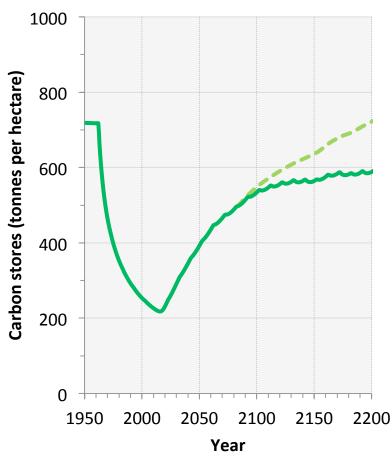
Start by banning clearcuts





Switch to selective logging ... which maintains soil carbon and biodiversity



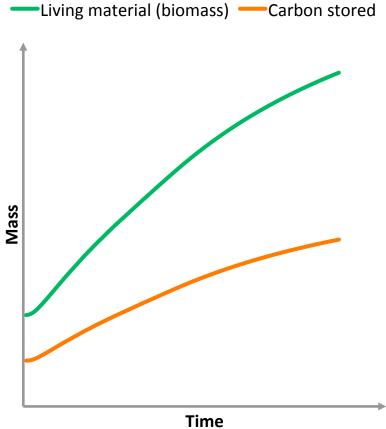


Continue by rewilding boulevards, backyards, pastures, grasslands

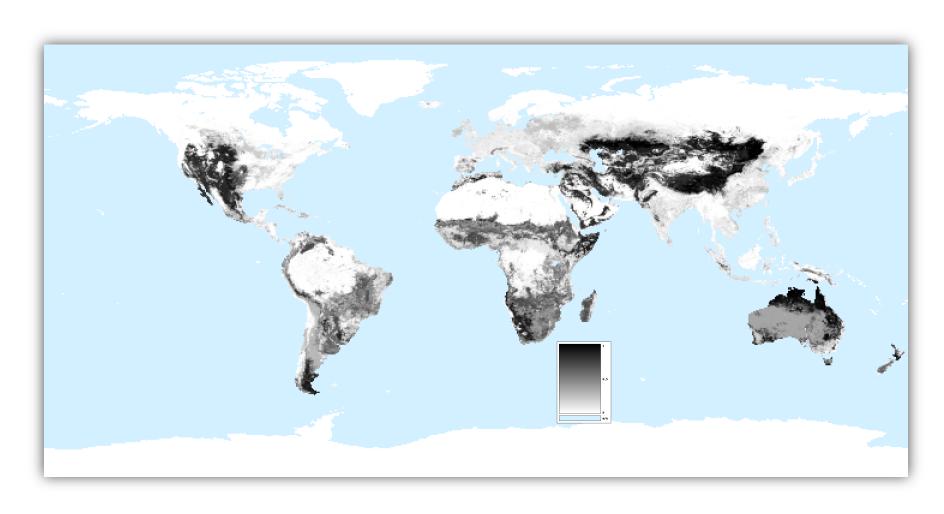
	TonsC/Hectare-Yr.
Wetlands	0.3
Grasslands	0.4
- Tidal Kelp, Eelgrass, Mangrove	0.5
Forest	0.7
Rainforest	0.9
 Tropical Rainforest 	1.2
 Mulched Low TilCereal Crops 	1.3
 Biochar Mulched Gardens 	2.4

Reforestation absorbs carbon rapidly

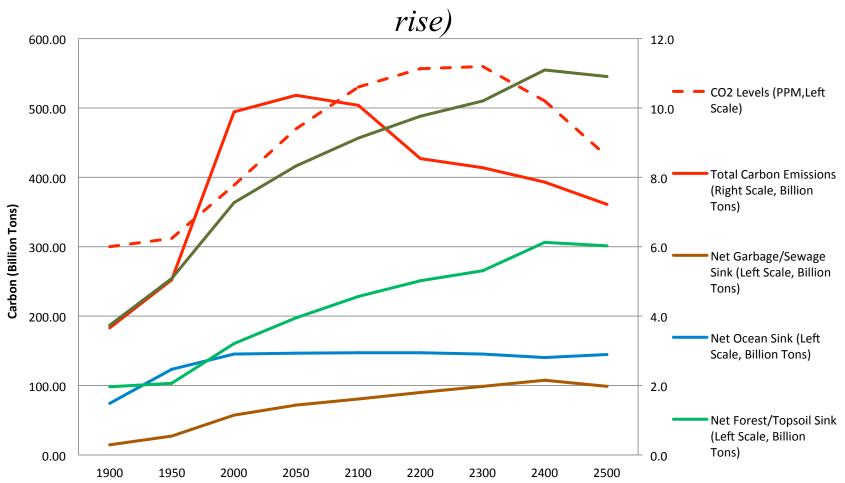




Earth has 2.4 billion hectares of pastureland. Only a tenth is needed for modern cattle farming



With reforestation of 4 Million Hectares of grassland each year CO2 keeps rising, but only reaches 560 PPM by 2300 (1.6 degree temperature



1 million hectares of today's melting tundra can be reforested each year. This will absorb CO2, and reduce runaway methane emissions





1 million hectares of plowed fields can be switched to mulchcover "low-til" planting each year, cutting soil carbon oxidation and instead sequestering soil carbon





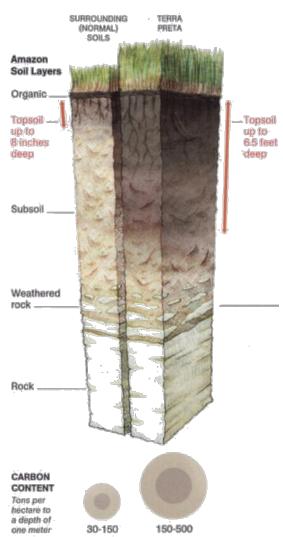
250 thousand hectares of vegetable cropland and orchard can be mulched with biochar each year



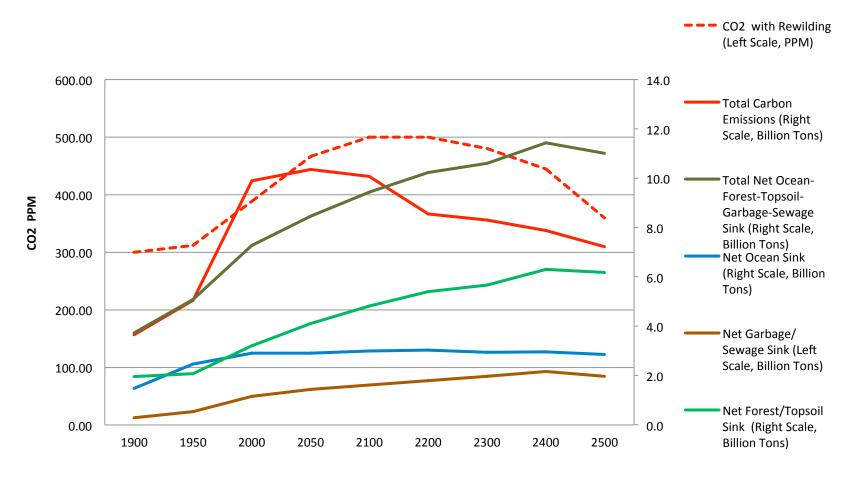


Biochar can be added to garden and orchard mulch to boost topsoil carbon retention from 7% to 30% SURROLLDING TERRA PRETA



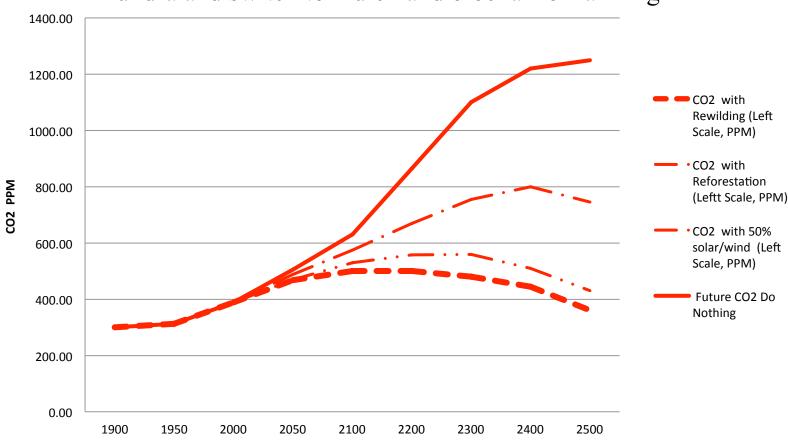


CO2 tops out at 500 PPM in 2200 – a 1 degree temperature rise.



Future CO2 Comparison:

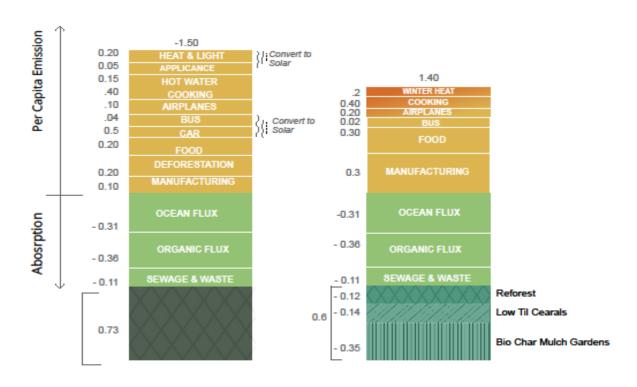
1) Do nothing 2) Develop Solar 3) Reforest Pasture 4) Reforest Tundra and switch to mulch and biochar for farming



Converting my life to "Net Zero"



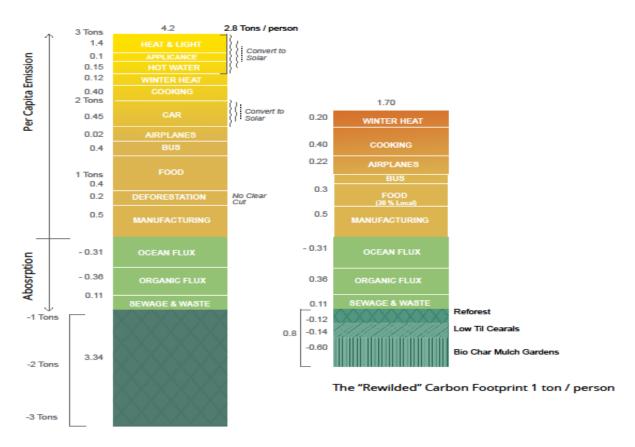
The Global average carbon footprint



Average World Carbon Footprint

World "Rewilded Footprint Balanced"

The average Canadian carbon footprint



Our Canadian Carbon Footprint 2.8 ton / person

Converting our house and orchard to net zero

1 Convert from grassland to orchard

2 Add a biochar kiln to preserve an extra 20% of each years 15 tons of orchard mulch

3 Buy an electric car







Charity Begins at Home: Converting my house and orchard to net zero

- 4 Switch to LED lighting and a smaller fridge
- 5 Use biogas propane for the stove
- 6 Use a heat pump for heat and hot water
- 7 Install 30 280 watt solar panels and a gridtie inverter

Heat pump and LED lights save 25% of normal electrical load





Sewage digester provides stove gas



30 Solar panels provide house and car electricity





